Janesville, Wisconsin

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Mercy Alliance, Inc. Janesville, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Mercy Alliance, Inc. and Affiliates ("Alliance") as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Alliance's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mercy Alliance, Inc. and Affiliates as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations, changes in their net assets, and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Wipper LLP
Wipfli LLP

October 26, 2010 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2010 and 2009

	(In Thousands)					
Assets	 2010					
Current assets:	20.050 4	05.71/				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,052 \$					
Patient accounts receivable - Net	73,086	83,360				
Supplies	10,738	8,983				
Prepaid expenses	3,705	4,035				
Due from third party payors	384	-				
Other receivables	 7,608	7,899				
Total current assets	 115,573	130,023				
Assets limited as to use	 235,789	129,515				
Property and equipment - Net	 187,157	186,558				
Other assets:						
Unamortized debt issue costs - Net	2,933	2,233				
Other	 1,456	2,991				
Total other assets	 4,389	5,224				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 542,908 \$	451,320				

		(In Thousa	nds)
Liabilities and Net Assets		2010	2009
Current liabilities:	\$	5,694 \$	5,866
Current maturities of long-term debt	Ψ	9,676	11,564
Accounts payable		•	
Accrued salaries, wages, and payroll taxes		27,093	26,585
Due to third-party payors		1,320	1,673
Other accrued expenses		45,131	38,442
Total current liabilities		88,914	84,130
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt, less current maturities		176,480	111,582
Interest rate swap		2,633	2,151
Deferred compensation		13,004	10,371
Pension liability		35,515	33,148
		-	***
Total long-term liabilities		227,632	157,252
Total liabilities		316,546	241,382
Total net assets - Unrestricted		226,362	209,938
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	542,908 \$	451,320

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

	(In Thousands)		
		2010	2009
Revenue:			
Net patient service revenue	\$	381,318 \$	383,702
Premium revenue		84,371	89,565
Other revenue		1,566	846
Total revenue		467,255	474 <u>,</u> 113
Expenses:			
Salaries and wages		220,674	215,728
Employee benefits		37,898	35,570
Professional fees and purchased services		25,010	24,329
Medical claims and capitation payments		24,071	27,816
Medical, other supplies, and drugs		70,083	67,015
Utilities		5,309	5,804
Insurance		6,612	11,097
Other		23,762	22,997
Provision for bad debts		13,942	22,274
Depreciation and amortization		19,940	18,887
Interest		5,188	5,558
Total expenses		452,489	457,075
Income from operations		14,766	17,038
Nonoperating income (expense) - Net		6,050	(13,435
Excess of revenue over expenses		20,816	3,603
Other changes in unrestricted net assets:			
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments other than			
trading securities		2,391	(13,262
Changes in pension obligation other than pension expense		(6,950)	(15,572
Amortization of cumulative loss on swap due to dedesignation of cash			
flow hedge		167	•
Change in fair value of effective portion of interest rate swap		-	(1,201
Change in unrestricted net assets		16,424	(26,432
Unrestricted net assets at beginning		209,938	236,370
Unrestricted net assets at end	\$	226,362 \$	209,938

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	(In Thousands)		
		2010	2009
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Change in net assets	\$	16,424 \$	(26,432)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Changes in pension obligation other than pension expense		6,950	15,572
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments other			
than trading securities		(2,391)	13,262
Provision for bad debts		13,942	22,274
Net realized (gains) losses on sales of investments		(4,629)	16,211
Change in fair value of interest rate swap		482	1,201
Depreciation and amortization		19,940	18,867
Loss on sale of property and equipment		136	1,028
Loss on early retirement of debt		760	•
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Patient accounts receivable		(3,668)	(17,837)
Supplies and other current assets		(1,134)	(1,576)
Accounts payable		1,145	2,015
Accrued liabilities and other		5,247	6,603
Due from/to third-party payors	<u>.</u>	(737)	1,360
Net cash provided by operating activities		52,467	52,548
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Increase in assets limited as to use		(99,254)	(11,176)
Capital expenditures		(23,425)	(30,636)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		•	238
Change in other assets	·	1,509	77
Net cash used in investing activities		(121,170)	(41,497)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

	(In Thousands)				
	2010			2009	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	\$	114,199	\$	-	
Principal payments on long-term debt		(5,864)		(7,321)	
Early retirement of refinanced long-term debt		(43,650)		-	
Payments for financing costs		(1,676)			
Net cash used in financing activities		63,009	_	(7,321)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(5,694)		3,730	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		25,746		22,016	
Cash and cash equivalents at end	\$	20,052	\$	25,746	
Supplemental cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest of \$49,999 in 2010	\$	4,600	\$	4,918	
Capital expenditures in accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,033	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Entity and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of Mercy Alliance, Inc. and its affiliates and wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively "Alliance"):

Mercy Alliance, Inc. (MAI)

Serves as parent corporation for the corporate group and supports the operations of its affiliates and subsidiaries.

Mercy Health System Corporation (MHSC)

Operates a 240-bed hospital (licensed beds) in Janesville, Wisconsin; approximately 39 physician clinics in southern Wisconsin and northern Illinois; a skilled nursing facility (SNF) that operates as a subacute care unit of the hospital building; and Mercy Walworth Hospital and Medical Center (MWH), a 6-bed hospital facility in Walworth County, Wisconsin. MWH is reimbursed by Medicare as a critical access hospital (CAH).

Mercy Assisted Care, Inc. (MAC)

MAC operates Mercy Homecare, a supplier of durable medical equipment, the Cooperative Childcare Institute, a residential care center for children and youth, and coordinates home care through nurses, physical therapists, and speech therapists. MAC operated a 40-bed community-based residential facility (CBRF) during a portion of 2009. The CBRF was closed during 2009.

Mercy Harvard Hospital, Inc. (MHH)

Operates a hospital with 25 acute and 45 long-term care beds located in Harvard, Illinois. MHH also has an affiliate, Harvard Memorial Hospital Foundation, whose purpose is to support the programs of MHH. MHH is reimbursed by Medicare as a CAH.

Mercy Foundation, Inc. (MFI)

MFI's primary activity is fund-raising for MHSC and its programs in accordance with its by-laws.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

MercyCare Insurance Company (MCIC)

An indemnity insurance company that contracts with local employers. MCIC has a wholly owned subsidiary, MercyCare HMO which operates as a health maintenance organization (HMO) under Wisconsin statutes. MCIC and its subsidiary contract for services with MHSC and other MAI affiliates.

All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Alliance follows accounting standards set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). FASB issued the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) effective for financial statements for annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The ASC is an aggregation of previously issued authoritative accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) in one comprehensive set of guidance organized by subject area. In accordance with the ASC, references to previously issued accounting standards have been replaced by ASC references.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that directly affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents, excluding amounts limited as to use.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Patient Accounts Receivable and Credit Policy

Patient accounts receivable are uncollateralized patient obligations that are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. These obligations are primarily from local residents, most of whom are insured under third-party payor agreements. Alliance bills third-party payors on the patients' behalf, or if a patient is uninsured, the patient is billed directly. Once claims are settled with the primary payor, any secondary insurance is billed, and patients are billed for copay and deductible amounts that are the patients' responsibility. Payments on accounts receivable are applied to the specific claim identified on the remittance advice or statement. Alliance does not have a policy to charge interest on past due accounts.

The carrying amounts of accounts receivable are reduced by allowances that reflect management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management provides for contractual adjustments under terms of third-party reimbursement agreements through a reduction of gross revenue and a credit to patient accounts receivable. In addition, management provides for probable uncollectible amounts, primarily uninsured patients and amounts patients are personally responsible for, through a charge to operations and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of historical collection likelihood and the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to patient accounts receivable.

Patient accounts receivable are recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets net of contractual adjustments and allowances for doubtful accounts.

Supplies

Supplies are valued at the lower of cost, determined on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, or market.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in nonoperating income (expense) unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are excluded from excess of revenue over expenses unless the investments are trading securities. Realized gains and losses are determined by specific identification.

Alliance monitors the difference between the cost and fair value of its investments. If investments experience a decline in value that Alliance determines is other than temporary, Alliance records a realized loss in investment income.

Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use include assets the Board of Directors has designated for future plant replacement and expansion over which the Board retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes, amounts set aside for compensation agreements, amounts held by MCIC to meet regulatory compliance requirements, and assets held by a trustee under bonds indenture agreements.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable asset and is computed using the straight-line method. Donated property and equipment are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation, which is then treated as cost. Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets, net of earning on those funds. Estimated useful lives range from 2 to 20 years for land improvements, 5 to 20 years for leasehold improvements, 5 to 25 years for buildings and improvements, and 3 to 20 years for fixed and major moveable equipment.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unamortized Debt Issue Costs and Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond issue costs and original issue premiums and discounts related to issuance of longterm debt are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method.

Interest Rate Swap

Alliance uses an interest rate swap to manage its risk related to interest rate movements. Alliance's risk management strategy is to stabilize cash flow variability on its variable rate debt with interest rate swaps. At the inception of a swap agreement, Alliance documents its risk management strategy and assesses the interest rate swap's effectiveness at producing offsetting cash flows. The interest rate swap is reported at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets with the change in fair value of the effective portion of the hedge included in other changes in net assets and the change in fair value for any ineffective portion is included in non-operating income (expense). Cumulative changes in fair value included in net assets at the time a cash flow hedge is dedesignated are amortized and reclassified from net assets to other income or expense over the remaining life of the hedged transaction.

Asset Retirement Obligation

ASC Topic 410-20, Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligation, clarifies when an entity is required to recognize a liability for a conditional asset retirement obligation. Management has considered ASC Topic 410-20, specifically as it relates to its legal obligation to perform asset retirement activities, such as asbestos removal, on its existing properties. Management believes there is an indeterminate settlement date for the asset retirement obligations because the range of time over which Alliance may settle the obligation is unknown and cannot reasonably estimate the liability related to these asset retirement activities as of June 30, 2010.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an impairment has occurred, a loss will be recognized. No impairment was recognized in 2010 or 2009.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained in perpetuity. When a temporary donor restriction expires, that is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions.

There were no temporarily or permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. Revenue under third-party payor agreements is subject to audit and retroactive adjustments. Provisions for estimated third-party payor settlements and adjustments are estimated in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. Management believes that adequate provision has been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for any adjustments that may result from final settlements.

Premium Revenue and Claims Payable

Premiums are billed monthly for coverage in the following month and are recognized as revenue in the month for which insurance protection is provided. Claims payable, included in other accrued expenses, are determined using statistical analyses and represent estimates of the ultimate net cost of all reported and unreported claims that are unpaid at the end of each accounting period. Although it is not possible to measure the degree of variability inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liabilities for claims are adequate. The estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments to these liabilities become necessary, such adjustments are reflected in current operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Hospital Assessments

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Wisconsin state legislature enacted legislation under which eligible hospitals, including Alliance, are required to pay the state an annual assessment. The assessment period is the state's fiscal year which runs from July 1 to June 30. The assessment is based on each hospital's gross revenues, as defined. The revenue generated from the assessment is to be used, in part, to increase overall reimbursement under the Wisconsin Medicaid program, including increases retroactive to July 1, 2008. Alliance's assessment expense was approximately \$6,271,000 and \$5,417,000 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and is included in other expense in the accompanying statements of operations and changes in net assets. Any increases in the reimbursement from Medicaid are included in net patient service revenue.

Excess of Revenue Over Expenses

The accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets include excess of revenue over expenses, which is considered the operating indicator. Changes in unrestricted net assets which are excluded from the operating indicator, include unrealized gains and losses on investments other than trading securities, changes in fair value related to the effective portion of the interest rate swap, changes in the pension obligation other than pension expense, permanent transfer of assets to and from affiliates for other than goods and services, and contributions of long-lived assets.

Charity Care

Alliance provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because collection is not pursued on amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not included in net patient service revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Alliance also gives discounts from established charges to patients who are uninsured and considers these discounts a part of their community benefit.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Charity Care (Continued)

Charges forgone under Alliance's charity care, based on established rates, approximated \$18,769,000 and \$15,621,000 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Contributions and Unconditional Promises to Give

Contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted uses unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is deemed unconditional. The gifts are reported as either temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. Donor-imposed contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reflected as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Income Taxes

MAI, MHSC, MAC, MHH, and MFI are not-for-profit corporations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and are exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code. They are also exempt from state income taxes on related income.

Federal and state income taxes are paid on nonexempt unrelated business income in accordance with the Code regulations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Taxes (Continued)

MCIC and MercyCare HMO are taxable entities for both federal and Wisconsin income tax purposes and file a consolidated return. Deferred income taxes have been provided under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based upon the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities, as measured by the enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years when these differences are expected to reverse.

In order to account for any uncertain tax positions, Alliance determines whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination on the technical merits of the position, assuming the taxing authority has full knowledge of all information. If the tax position does not meet the more likely than not recognition threshold, the benefit of that position is not recognized in the financial statements. Alliance recorded no assets or liabilities related to uncertain tax positions in 2010 and 2009. Tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 remain subject to examination by the applicable taxing authorities.

Fair Value Measurements

Alliance measures fair value of its financial instruments, including assets within the defined benefit noncontributory retirement plan, using a three-tier hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that Alliance has the ability to access.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets;
- Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 26, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 Reimbursement Arrangements With Third-Party Payors

Agreements are maintained with third-party payors that provide for reimbursement at amounts which vary from its established rates. A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major third-party payors follows.

Government Payors

MHSC and MAC:

Medicare - Inpatient hospital acute care services provided by MHSC are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Outpatient, clinic, home health, and subacute care services are reimbursed primarily on a prospective payment methodology based upon a patient classification system or fixed fee schedules.

Medicaid - Inpatient and outpatient services are reimbursed primarily based upon prospectively determined rates.

MHH and MWH:

Under the CAH designation, inpatient and outpatient hospital services rendered to Medicare and Wisconsin Medicaid beneficiaries are paid based upon a cost-reimbursement methodology. Hospital services rendered to Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates based on a patient classification system.

Other Payors

Alliance has entered into payment agreements with commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, fee schedules, and prospectively determined daily rates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 Reimbursement Arrangements With Third-Party Payors (Continued)

Accounting for Contractual Arrangements

Certain Medicare and Medicaid charges are cost-based reimbursable items and are reimbursed at tentative rates, with final settlements determined after audit of the related annual cost reports. The cost reports have been audited by the Medicare and Medicaid fiscal intermediaries through June 30, 2007.

Compliance

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations, particularly those relating to the Medicare and Medicaid programs, can be subject to government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown and unasserted at this time. Violations of these laws and regulations by health care providers could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments of previously billed and collected revenue from patient services. Management believes Alliance is in substantial compliance with current laws and regulations.

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) has implemented a new project using Recovery Audit Contractors (RACs) as part of CMS's further efforts to ensure accurate payments under the Medicare program. CMS is using RACs to search for potentially inaccurate Medicare payments that may have been made to health care providers and that were not detected through existing CMS program integrity efforts. Once a RAC identifies a claim it believes is inaccurate, the RAC makes a deduction from or addition to the provider's Medicare reimbursement in an amount estimated to equal the overpayment or underpayment. The provider will then have the opportunity to appeal the adjustment before final settlement of the claim is made. As of June 30, 2010, Alliance had not been notified by the RAC of any potential significant reimbursement adjustments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 3 Patient Accounts Receivable

Patient accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30:

		(In Tho	usar	nds)
		2010	· 	2009
Patient accounts receivable	\$	151,100	\$	156,681
Less:		64,287		52,091
Allowance for contractual adjustments Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u></u>	13,727		21,230
Patient accounts receivable - Net	\$	73,086	\$	83,360

Note 4 Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use, stated at fair value, are invested as follows at June 30:

	(In Thousands)				
	 2010		2009		
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,278	\$	1,183		
Money market funds	28,482		11,768		
Government and agency obligations	41,549		19,695		
Municipal obligations	767		98		
Corporate obligations	29,561		12,944		
Fixed income funds	7,989		11,245		
Foreign obligations	6,684		-		
Equity mutual funds	73,721		33,952		
Common stock	 45,758		38,630		
Total assets limited as to use	\$ 235,789	\$	129,515		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 Assets Limited as to Use (Continued)

The composition of assets limited as to use was as follows at June 30:

	(In Thousands)			
	2010			2009
Held by trustee under bond indenture agreements:	o t	0447	ф	// Q10
Debt service reserve and sinking funds Project funds	\$	9,647 50,640	\$	4,818 -
Held by Treasurer of State of Wisconsin for regulatory requirements		4,024		3,868
Internally designated: Deferred compensation		13,004		10,371
Expansion and capital improvements		138,414		92,964 17,404
Regulatory compliance		20,060		17,494
Total assets limited as to use	\$	235,789	\$	129,515

Investment income, which includes investment earnings on cash equivalents and assets limited as to use, was comprised of the following:

	(In Thousands)			
Net realized gains and losses on sales of investments	2010		2009	
Interest and dividend income	\$ 2,719	\$	3,158	
Net realized gains and losses on sales of investments	4,629		(16,211)	
Total investment income (loss)	7,348		(13,053)	
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments other than trading securities	2,391		(13,262)	
Totals	\$ 9,739	\$	(26,315)	

Investments, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of certain investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 Assets Limited as to Use (Continued)

Management assesses individual investment securities as to whether declines in market value are other-than-temporary and result in an impairment. For equity securities, Alliance considers whether it has the ability and intent to hold the investment until a market price recovery. Evidence considered in this includes the reasons for the impairment, the severity and duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to year-end, the issuer's financial condition, and the general market condition in the geographic area or industry the investee operates in. For debt securities, if Alliance has made a decision to sell the security, or if it's more likely than not the Alliance will sell the security before the recovery of the security's cost basis, an other-than-temporary impairment is considered to have occurred. If Alliance has not made a decision or does not have an intent to sell the debt security, but the debt security is not expected to recover its value due to a credit loss, an other-than temporary impairment is considered to have occurred.

Because Alliance has the intent and the ability to hold investment securities until a market price recovery or maturity, investment securities at June 30, 2010 are not temporarily impaired and no impairment losses were recognized by Alliance during 2010. Alliance recognized a realized loss of \$724,000 during 2009 for an other than temporary impairment.

The following table shows unrealized losses and fair values of investments at June 30, 2010, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

				(In Th	ousands)						
					2	010						
		Less Thar	12	Months		12 Month	s or	More		To	tal	
		•	Į	Unrealized			Ų	nrealized			L	Inrealized
Description of Securities	Fe	ir Value		Losses		Fair Value Lo		Losses		Fair Value		Losses
Government and agency												
obligations	\$	10,197	\$	(144)	\$	199	\$	(1)	\$	10,396	\$	(145)
Municipal obligations		15				80		(3)		95		(3)
Corporate obligations		20,154		(454)		681		(124)		20,835		(578)
Fixed income funds		123		(2)		-		-		123		(2)
Foreign bonds		57		•		-		-		57		-
Equity mutual funds		11,260		(1,117)		52,210		(8,880)		63,470		(9,997)
Common stock		24,659		(3,375)		1,441		(141)		26,100		(3,516)
Total	\$	66,465	\$	(5,092)	\$	54,611	\$	(9,149)	\$	121,076	\$	(14,241)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 Fair Value Measurements

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Money market funds and certificates of deposit are valued based at historical cost, which approximates fair value. Mutual funds are valued at quoted market prices which represent the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by Alliance at year-end. Corporate and foreign debt obligations, municipal obligations, and government and agency obligations are valued using quotes from pricing vendors based on recent trading activity and other observable market data. Common stocks are valued using quoted market prices. Common collective trusts are valued at the unit value as reported by the investment manager. The interest rate swap is valued using discounted cash flows based on observable interest yield curves and other factors.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while Alliance believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, Alliance's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	(In Thousands)							
				201				
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
								4.070
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	1,278	\$	-	\$	1,278
Money market funds		22,835		5,647		-		28,482
Government and agency								
obligations		-		41,549		-		41,549
Municipal obligations		-		767		-		767
Corporate obligations		-		29,561		-		29,561
Fixed income funds		7,989		-		•		7,989
Foreign obligations		-		6,684		-		6,684
Equity mutual funds		62,764		-		10,957		73,721
Common stock		45,758		-				45,758
Total assets at fair value	\$	139,346	\$	85,486	\$	10,957	\$	235,789
Liability - Interest rate swap								
agreement	\$		\$	2,633	\$		\$	2,633

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

				(In Thous	ands	s)	
				2009	9		
		_evel 1		Level 2	L	evel 3	Total
Contitions of denseit	\$		\$	1,183	\$	- \$	1,183
Certificate of deposit	Ф	6064	Φ	•	Ψ	- ψ	
Money market funds		4,946		6,822		-	11,768
Government and agency							
obligations		-		19,695		-	19,695
Municipal obligations		-		98		-	98
Corporate obligations		-		12,944		-	12,944
Fixed income funds		11,245		-		•	11,245
Equity mutual funds		33,952		•		-	33,952
Common stock		38,630				<u>-</u>	38,630
Total assets at fair value	\$	88,773	\$	40,742	\$	- \$	129,515
Liability - Interest rate swap							
agreement	\$		\$	2,151	\$		2,151

The table below sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of level 3 assets:

	Equ	housands) ity Mutual Funds
		2010
Balance at beginning of year	\$	-
Purchases, sales		12,030
Earnings, expenses and change in fair value		(1,073)
Balance at end of year	\$	10,957

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 6 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	(In Thousands)				
	2010			2009	
Land	\$	26,674	\$	26,005	
Land improvements		6,040		6,022	
Leasehold improvements		5,605		5,596	
Buildings and improvements		183,558		173,841	
Fixed equipment		1,358		1,229	
Major movable equipment		129,525		130,880	
Total property and equipment		352,760		343,573	
Less - Accumulated depreciation		180,037		168,541	
Net depreciated value		172,723		175,032	
Construction in progress		14,434		11,526	
Property and equipment - Net	\$	187,157	\$	186,558	

Alliance is in the process of a construction project to expand and renovate MWH. The total project is estimated to be approximately \$42,000,000. Alliance has a commitment of approximately \$31,500,000 million for a fixed price construction contract as of June 30, 2010. Construction in progress at June 30, 2010 includes approximately \$5,000,000 related to the construction project. The project is estimated to be completed in fiscal year 2013.

Alliance is also in the process of implementing an electronic medical record (EMR) system. The total project is estimated to be approximately \$6,900,000. Construction in progress at June 30, 2010 includes approximately \$1,800,000 related to the EMR project. The project is estimated to be completed in fiscal year 2012.

The remaining amounts in construction in progress relate to routine capital projects for renovating and updating Alliance's facilities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30:

		(In Thousa		nds)
	-	2010		2009
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, dated June 9, 2010; interest payable semi-annually at varying rates (3.00% to 5.50%), principal due in annual installments through June 2026	\$	48,445	\$	-
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, dated December 31, 2009; interest payable monthly at a variable rate set weekly (.26% at June 30, 2010), principal due in annual installments through June 2039		65,000		-
Illinois Finance Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, dated March 15, 2005; interest payable monthly at a variable rate set weekly (1.00% at June 30, 2010), principal due in annual installments through February 2035		30,700		31,610
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, dated August 1, 1999; payable in annual installments including principal and varying interest (5.00% to 5.50%) through August 2025		37,810		38,000
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, dated May 18, 2007; refinanced with the Series 2010A Revenue Bonds		-		29,525

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	(In Thousands)		
	 2010	2009	
Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2003C, dated October 9, 2003; refinanced with the Series 2010A Revenue			
Bonds	-	17,835	
Letter of credit draw to repurchase City of Harvard Health Care Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 1998	-	1,005	
Other	50	99	
Totals	182,005	118,074	
Less:			
Unamortized bond discounts (premiums) - Net	(169)	626	
Current maturities	 5,694	5,866	
Long-term portion	\$ 176,480 \$	111,582	

The bond indenture agreements require the creation of funds to be held by a trustee for payment of construction costs and bond principal and interest. These funds, which are not available for general purposes, are classified as assets limited as to use under bond indenture agreements. In addition, the bond agreements require maintenance of certain debt service coverage ratios, limit additional borrowings, and require compliance with various other restrictive covenants. Mercy Health System Obligated Group, which includes MAI, MAC, MHSC, and MHH, has pledged as security for long-term debt substantially all of its property, equipment, and revenue.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

In June 2010, Alliance issued its Series 2010A Revenue Bonds with a total principal value of \$48,445,000, and a net premium of \$758,000. The proceeds from the 2010A Revenue Bonds were used to refund the Series 2007 and Series 2003C bonds, establish a reserve fund, and finance costs of acquiring, constructing, renovating, and equipping its facilities. The Series 2010A Bonds were issued pursuant to a Bond Trust Indenture by and between Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authorities ("WHEFA") and U.S. Bank National Association ("U.S. Bank"), as bond trustee, with the proceeds loaned to Alliance pursuant to a Loan Agreement by and between Alliance and WHEFA. The Series 2010A Bonds were also issued pursuant to a Master Trust Indenture between Alliance and U.S. Bank as Master Trustee. Alliance is liable for all obligations under the Loan Agreement.

In conjunction with the refinancing of the Series 2007 and 2003C Revenue Bonds, Alliance expensed \$760,000 of the remaining unamortized debt issue costs, which are included in non-operating income (expense) in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

In December 2009, Alliance issued its Series 2009 Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds with a total principal value of \$65,000,000. The proceeds from the Series 2009 Revenue Bonds were used to finance and/or reimburse Alliance for costs of acquiring, constructing, renovating, and equipping its facilities. The Series 2009 Bonds were issued pursuant to a Bond Trust Indenture by and between WHEFA and U.S. Bank, as bond trustee, with the proceeds loaned to Alliance pursuant to a Loan Agreement by and between Alliance and WHEFA. The Series 2009 Bonds were also issued pursuant to a Restated Master Trust Indenture between Alliance and U.S. Bank as Master Trustee. Alliance is liable for all obligations under the Loan Agreement.

The Illinois Finance Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, and the WHEFA Series 2009 Revenue Bonds, can be tendered on a weekly basis by the bondholders. Alliance has remarketing agreements with underwriters that provide for a "best efforts" remarketing of the bonds. The bonds are secured by letters of credit. The letters of credit are secured by mortgages on Alliance's property and equipment. The letters of credit securing the Series 2005 and Series 2009 Revenue Bonds expire August 13, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Amounts drawn on the letter of credit to repurchase bonds that could not be remarketed can be converted into term loans if certain conditions are not met.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Principal amounts on such term loans would be due in 8 quarterly installments beginning on the first quarterly date, as defined, approximately one year after the drawing date.

The City of Harvard Health Care Facility Revenue Bonds were also subject to a remarketing agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the underwriter was unable to remarket the bonds and accordingly the letter of credit was drawn upon to purchase the bonds. The letter of credit draw was reimbursed by Alliance subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2009, effectively retiring the Series 1998 Revenue Bonds.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, Alliance called \$2,500,000 of the Series 2005 bonds for early redemption which approximated the amount of unexpended bond proceeds. The redemption price was equal to the principal amount and there was no prepayment penalty on the early redemption.

Scheduled payments of principal on long-term debt at June 30, 2010, including current maturities, are summarized as follows:

	(In Thousands)
2011	\$ 5,694
2012	5,746
2013	5,965
2014	6,220
2015	6,495
Thereafter	151,885
Total	\$ 182,005

The stated value of long-term debt approximates fair value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 8 Interest Rate Swap

In conjunction with the issuance of the Series 2007 Revenue Bonds (Note 7), Alliance entered into an agreement with a financial institution for an interest rate swap for the purpose of hedging the variable interest rate on the bonds. The interest rate swap has a notional amount of \$29,525,000 which amortizes over the term of the agreement. The interest rate swap agreement terminates June 1, 2022. The fair value of the interest rate swap was a liability of \$2,633,000 and \$2,151,000 as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

This interest rate swap effectively changed Alliance's interest rate exposure on the bonds to a fixed rate of 3.463% and during 2009 was deemed to be effective as a cash flow hedge. However, with the refinancing of the Series 2007 Revenue Bonds during 2010, the interest swap was deemed to be no longer effective as a cash flow hedge and was dedesignated. Alliance recognized \$482,000 of expense, included in nonoperating income (expense) in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and change in net assets during 2010 for the change in fair value of the swap. During 2009, the change in fair value of the swap is included in other changes in net assets and decreased net assets by \$1,201,000. At the time of the dedesignation of the cash flow hedge, the accumulated loss on the swap agreement included in net assets was \$2,151,000. This cumulative loss will be amortized to expense over the remaining term of the swap agreement. Amortization expense of \$167,000 has been recognized in nonoperating income (expense) during 2010.

Alliance is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparty to the interest rate swap. However, Alliance does not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparty.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 9 Net Patient Service Revenue

The following table sets forth the detail of net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30:

	(In Thousands)			
	 2010		2009	
Gross patient service revenue	\$ 807,098	\$	761,842	
Revenue deductions:				
Medicare contractual allowances	(168,886)		(153,024)	
Medicaid contractual allowances	(79,601)		(57,109)	
Managed care allowances	(45,285)		(46,516)	
Commercial and other	 (132,008)		(121,491)	
Net patient service revenue	\$ 381,318	\$	383,702	

During the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, approximately 35.2% and 31.4% of Alliance's net patient service revenue related to patients participants in the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Note 10 Retirement Plans

Alliance has a defined benefit noncontributory retirement plan (the "Plan") which covers its employees who work more than 1,000 hours annually, in addition to meeting certain eligibility requirements as specified in the Plan. All assets of the Plan, principally marketable securities, are held in a separate bank-administered trust. The funding policy is to contribute amounts sufficient to meet the minimum funding requirements set forth in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 Retirement Plans (Continued)

The following table provides further information about the Plan as of the Plan years ended June 30:

	(In Thousands)			
		2010	2009	
Change in benefit obligation:				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	80,711 \$	73,828	
Service cost		6,563	7,867	
Interest cost		5,065	5,774	
Benefits paid		(5,102)	(5,678)	
Actuarial gain		8,043	(1,080)	
Benefit obligation at end of year		95,280	80,711	
Change in Plan assets:				
Fair value of Plan assets at beginning of year		47,563	49,066	
Actual return on Plan assets		5,970	(9,508)	
Employer contributions		5,624	13,683	
Benefits paid		(5,102)	(5,678)	
Fair value of Plan assets at end of year		54,055	47,563	
Funded status	\$	(41,225) \$	(33,148)	
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$	88,001 \$	70,422	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 Retirement Plans (Continued)

Amounts recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2010 and 2009, consisted of:

	(in I housands)			
		2010		2009
Current liability - Other accrued expenses	\$	5,710	\$	5,667
Noncurrent liability		35,515		27,481
Total	\$	41,225	\$	33,148
Total net assets - Unrestricted:				
Prior service cost	\$	835	\$	942
Net actuarial loss		29,979		22,922
Total amount recognized in net assets	\$	30,814	\$_	23,864

Pension expense for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, was comprised of the following:

	(In Thousands)			
		2010	2009	
Pension expense:				
Service cost	\$	6,563 \$	6,294	
Interest cost		5,065	4,619	
Expected return on assets		(5,019)	(4,522)	
Amortization of prior service cost		107	107	
Amortization of unrecognized actuarial loss		35	-	
Total pension expense		6,751	6,498	
Other changes in Plan assets and benefit obligations				
recognized in other changes in net assets:				
Net actuarial loss		7,057	14,081	
Prior service cost		(107)	(134)	
Adjustment for measurement date change		-	1,625	
Total recognized in other changes in net assets		6,950	15,572	
Total recognized as pension expense and				
other changes in net assets	\$	13,701 \$	22,070	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 Retirement Plans (Continued)

The estimated prior service cost and actuarial loss that will be amortized from net assets into pension expense over the next fiscal year is \$987,000.

Weighted average assumptions used as of June 30, the measurement date, in developing the projected benefit obligation are as follows:

	2010	2009
Discount rate for obligation	5.30%	6.50%
Discount rate for net periodic cost	6.50%	6.50%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of compensation increase for obligation	4.50%	4.75%
Rate of compensation increase for net periodic cost	3.00%	4.50%

To develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumptions, Alliance considered the historical returns and future expectations for returns in each asset class, as well as targeted allocation percentages within the pension portfolio.

Alliance intends to provide an appropriate range of investment options that span the risk/return spectrum. The investment options allow for an investment portfolio consistent with the Plan's circumstances, goals, time horizons, and tolerance for risk.

Alliance's asset allocations are as follows at June 30:

	2010	2009
Asset category:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0%	10.8%
Government and agency obligations	7.2%	10.7%
Municipal obligations	0.6%	0.0%
Corporate obligations	3.3%	7.9%
Fixed income funds	21.0%	20.0%
Equity funds	37.0%	0.0%
Common stock	29.9%	50.6%
Totals	100.0%	100.0%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 Retirement Plans (Continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Corporation's Plan assets at fair value as of June 30, 2010:

	(In Thousands)							
		evel 1		Level 2	Ĺ	evel 3		Total
Cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	573	\$	-	\$	573
Government and agency								
obligations		-		3,447		-		3,447
Municipal obligations		-		326		-		326
Corporate obligations		-		1,799		-		1,799
Fixed income funds		11,328		-		-		11,328
Foreign bonds		-		644		-		644
Equity mutual funds		17,466		-		-		17,466
Common stock		16,167		-		-		16,167
Common collective trust		-		-		2,305		2,305
Total assets at fair value	\$	44,961	\$	6,789	\$	2,305	\$	54,055

The table below sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Plan's level 3 assets for the year ended June 30, 2010:

	(In Th	nousands)
Balance, beginning of year	\$	-
Purchases and sales - Net		2,305
Balance, end of year	\$	2,305

Alliance expects to contribute \$6,695,000 to the plan in fiscal 2011.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 Retirement Plans (Continued)

Benefit payments are expected to be paid as follows:

	(In	(In Thousands)		
2010	\$	5,710		
2011	\$	5,883		
2012	\$	6,764		
2013	\$	7,076		
2014	\$	8,005		
Years 2015 through 2017	\$	51,811		

MHSC, MAC, and MHH also participate in a contributory tax-deferred annuity plan which covers all employees at least 18 years of age with one year of service. Employees may contribute up to 4% of compensation to the annuity plan on a tax-deferred basis, plus additional amounts subject to a regulatory limit. Effective January 1, 2010, MHSC, MAC, and MHH may contribute a discretionary amount up to 50% of employees' tax-deferred contribution, up to 4% of compensation. Prior to January 1, 2010, MHSC, MAC, and MHH were required to contribute 25% of employees' tax-deferred contributions and could contribute discretionary amounts up to an additional 25% of employees' contributions. MHSC, MAC, and MHH recognized expense of \$1,242,000 and \$1,251,000 related to this plan for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

MHSC also contributes to a multi-employer defined benefit plan which cover employees pursuant to the terms of collective bargaining agreements. MHSC recognized expense of \$228,000 and \$212,000 related to this plan for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. MHSC also contributes to a 401(k) plan for this same group of employees an amount, based on a matching percentage of participant contributions, set by the terms of collective bargaining agreements. MHSC recognized expense of \$71,000 and \$48,000 related to the 401(k) plan for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

MHSC also sponsors deferred compensation programs covering certain physicians and officers. Investments designated for deferred compensation and corresponding liabilities totaling \$13,004,000 and \$10,371,000 at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, are included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Total deferred compensation expense was \$2,200,000 and \$2,429,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11 Operating Leases

Alliance leases office space, office equipment, and certain medical equipment from unrelated organizations. Total rental expense was approximately \$3,189,000 and \$3,300,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2010, by year and in the aggregate, under these operating lease agreements are summarized as follows:

	(In Th	nousands)
2011	\$	1,857
2012		1,249
2013		953
2014		683
2015		136
Total minimum lease payments	\$	4,878

Note 12 Malpractice Insurance

During 2005, Alliance began a self-insurance program for its professional liability on a claims-made basis. Alliance retains the first \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 per year for Wisconsin claims. Coverage against losses in excess of these amounts is maintained through mandatory participation in the Patients' Compensation Fund of the State of Wisconsin. For Illinois claims, Alliance retains the first \$2,100,000 of loss per claim and has purchased an umbrella policy that provides excess coverage. Alliance has provided a reserve of \$22,300,000 and \$20,203,000 for potential claims for services provided to patients through June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which have not yet been asserted. These amounts are included in other accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 13 Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject Alliance to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable and cash deposits in excess of insured limits in financial institutions.

The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors is as follows at June 30:

	2010	2009
Medicare	22%	17%
Medicaid	12%	11%
Other third-party payors	41%	42%
Patients	25%	30%
	100%	100%

Alliance maintains depository relationships with area financial institutions, including banks participating in the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC's) Transaction Account Guarantee Program. Under this Program, non-interest-bearing transaction accounts are fully guaranteed by the FDIC through December 31, 2010. Cash, investments, and assets limited as to use held by financial institutions in excess of the FDIC limit of \$250,000 are uninsured. At June 30, 2010, Alliance's deposits exceeded the insured limits by approximately \$14,981,000.

Note 14 Functional Expenses

Alliance provides general health care services to residents within its geographic location and contracts with various health care providers to provide medical services to members insured by MCIC. Expenses related to providing these services are as follows:

	(In Thousands)			
	 2010		2009	
Health care services General and administrative	\$ 338,761 113,728	\$	342,588 114,487	
Total expenses	\$ 452,489	\$	457,075	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 15 Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2009 consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2010 classifications.